

DATASHEET

Product Name **Radial Type Cement Fixed Resistors**

Part Name **PRMT Series**

File No. **DIP-SP-032**

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1. Scope

This datasheet is the characteristics of Radial Type Cement Fixed Resistors manufactured by UNI-ROYAL..

1.1 Compliant with RoHS directive.

1.2 Halogen free requirement.

2. Explanation of Part No. System

The standard Part No. includes 14 digits with the following explanation:

2.1 For Cement Fixed Resistors, these 4 digits are to indicate the product type but if the product type has only 3 digits, the 4th digit will be “0”

Example: PRMT=PRMT- type

2.2 5th~6th digits:

2.2.1 For power of 1 watt to 16 watt ,the 5th digit will be a number or a letter code and the 6th digit will be the letters of W.

Example: FW=15W

2.2.2 For power rating Between 20 watt to 99 watt, the 5th and the 6th digits will show the whole numbers of the power rating itself.

Example: 20=20W

2.3 The 7th digit is to denote the Resistance Tolerance. The following letter code is to be used for indicating the standard Resistance Tolerance.

J=±5% K= ±10%

2.4 The 8th to 11th digits is to denote the Resistance Value.

2.4.1 For Cement Fixed Resistors the 8th digits will be coded with “W” or “P” to denote Wire-wound type or Power Film type respectively of the Cement Fixed Resistor product. The 9th to 11th please refer to point a) of item 4.

Example: W12J=1.2Ω W120=12Ω P273=27KΩ

2.5 The 12th, 13th & 14th digits.

2.5.1 The 12th digit is to denote the Packaging Type with the following codes: B=Bulk/Box

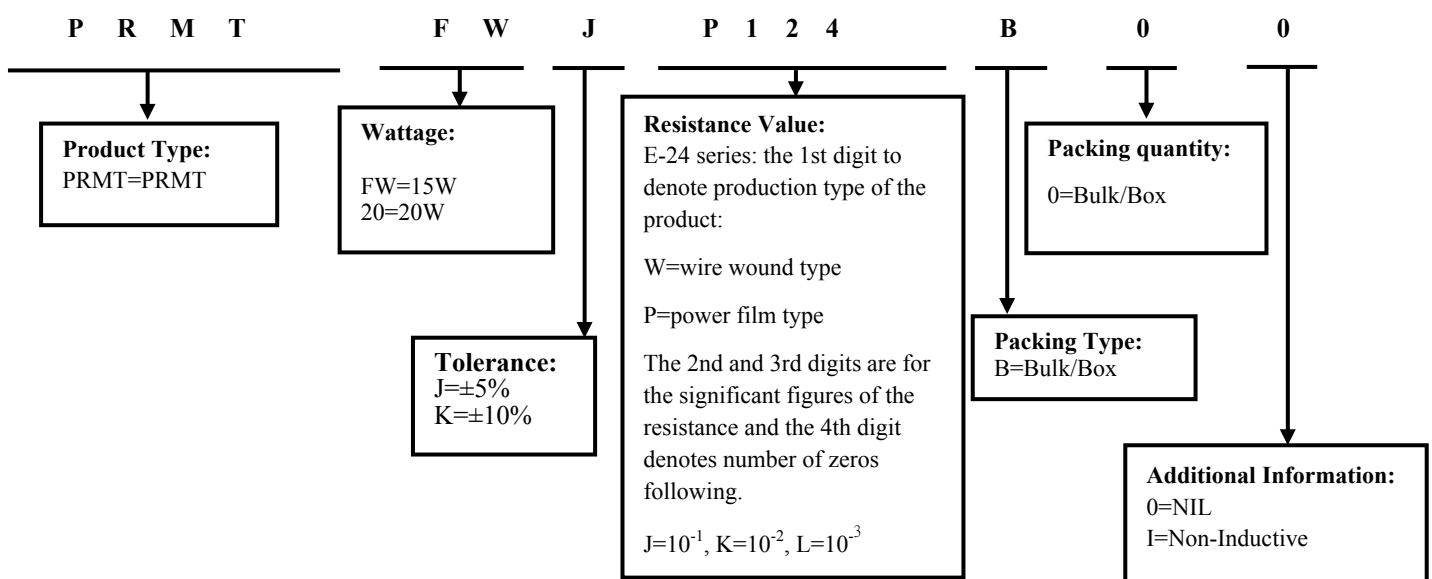
2.5.2 The 13th digit is normally to indicate the Packing Quantity, This digit should be filled with “0”for the Cement products with “Bulk/Box” packing requirements.

2.5.3 For some items, the 14th digit alone can use to denote special features of additional information with the following codes or standard product

Example: 0= standard product; I=Non-Inductive

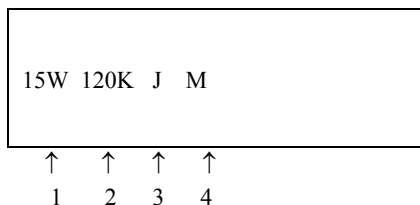
3. Ordering Procedure

(Example: PRMT 15W ±5% 120KΩ B/B)



4. Marking

Example:



Code description and regulation:

1. Wattage Rating
2. Nominal Resistance Value
3. Resistance Tolerance. J: $\pm 5\%$
K: $\pm 10\%$

4. Pattern:

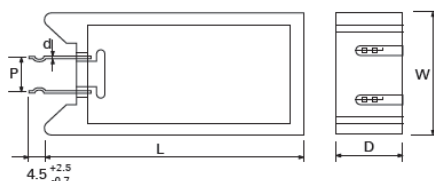
M: Power film

W: Wire wound

Color of marking: Black Ink

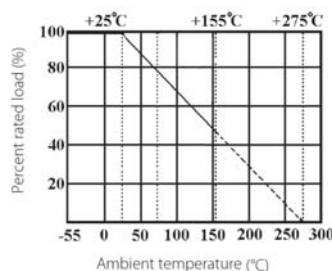
Note: The marking code shall be prevailed in kind!

5. Ratings & Dimension



| Type | Dimension(mm) | | | | | Max Working Voltage | Max Overload Voltage | Resistance Range | |
|----------|---------------|-------------|-----------|-----------|--------------|---------------------|----------------------|----------------------------|-----------------------------|
| | W ± 1 | D ± 0.5 | L ± 1 | P ± 1 | d ± 0.05 | | | Wire Wound | Power Film |
| PRMT 15W | 20 | 13 | 38 | 7.5 | 0.5 | 700V | 1400V | 0.1 Ω -560 Ω | 561 Ω -200K Ω |
| PRMT 20W | 20 | 13 | 45 | 7.5 | 0.5 | 750V | 1500V | | |

6. Derating Curve



6.1 Voltage rating:

Resistors shall have a rated direct-current (DC) continuous working voltage or an approximate sine-wave root-mean-square (RMS) alternating-current (AC) continuous working voltage at commercial-line frequency and waveform corresponding to the power rating, as determined from the following formula:

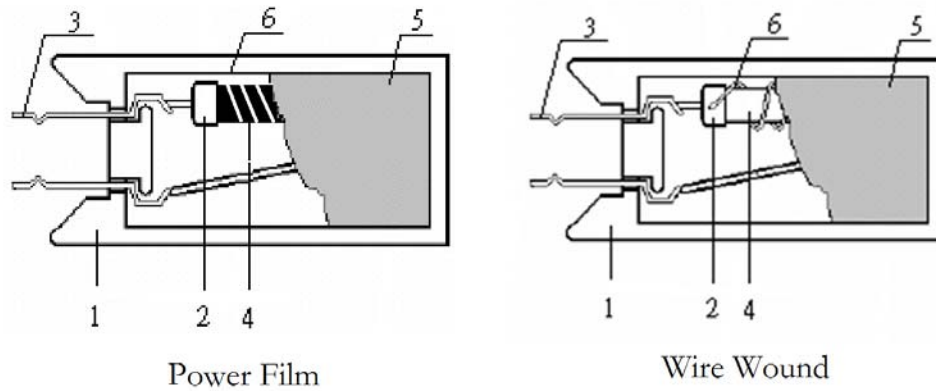
$$RCWV = \sqrt{P \times R}$$

Where: RCWV = rated dc or RMS ac continuous working voltage at commercial-line frequency and waveform (VOLT.)

P = power rating (WATT.)

R = nominal resistance (OHM)

7. Structure



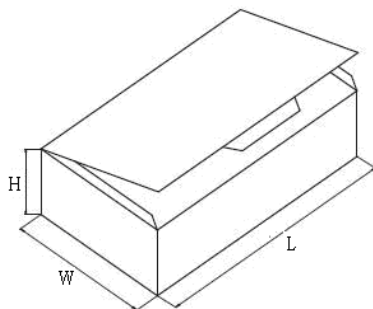
| No. | Name | Material Generic Name |
|-----|--------------------|--|
| 1 | Body | Al ₂ O ₃ |
| 2 | Cap | Tin plated iron |
| 3 | Terminal type | Tin plated iron |
| 4 | Ceramic case | Al ₂ O ₃ CaO |
| 5 | Filling materials | SiO ₂ |
| 6 | Resistance element | Power film: Metal Oxide Film Wire-wound: Alloys |

8. Performance Specification

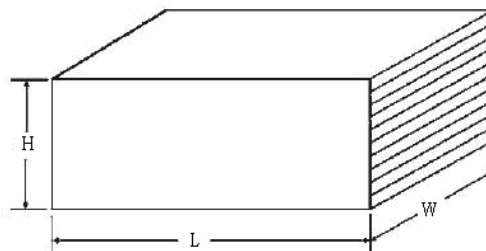
| Characteristic | Limits | Test Methods (GB/T5729&JIS-C-5201&IEC60115-1) |
|---------------------------------|---|--|
| Temperature Coefficient | $\geq 20\Omega$: $\pm 350\text{PPM}/^\circ\text{C}$ $< 20\Omega$: $\pm 400\text{PPM}/^\circ\text{C}$. | 4.8 Natural resistance changes per temp. Degree centigrade $\frac{R_2 - R_1}{R_1(t_2 - t_1)} \times 10^6 \text{ (PPM}/^\circ\text{C})$ R ₁ : Resistance Value at room temperature (t ₁) ; R ₂ : Resistance at test temperature (t ₂) t ₁ : +25°C or specified room temperature t ₂ : Test temperature (-55°C or 125°C) |
| Short-time overload | Resistance change rate must be in $\pm(5\%+0.05\Omega)$,and no mechanical damage. | 4.13 Permanent resistance change after the application of a potential of 2.5 times RCWV or Max.Overload Votage whichever less for 5 seconds. |
| Dielectric withstanding voltage | No evidence of flashover mechanical damage, arcing or insulation break down. | 4.7 Resistors shall be clamped in the trough of a 90°metallic V-block and shall be tested at AC potential respectively specified in the above list for 60-70 seconds.for cement fixed resistors the testing voltage is 1000V. |
| Resistance to soldering heat | Resistance change rate must be in $\pm(1\%+0.05\Omega)$,and no mechanical damage. | 4.18 Permanent resistance change when leads immersed to a point 2.0-2.5mm from the body in 260°C \pm 5°c solder for 10 \pm 1 seconds. |
| Solderability | 95% coverage Min. | 4.17 The area covered with a new, smooth, clean, shiny and continuous surface free from concentrated pinholes. Test temp. Of solder:245°C \pm 3°C Dwell time in solder: 2~3seconds. |
| Terminal strength | No evidence of mechanical damage | 4.16 Direct load: Resistance to a 2.5 kg direct load for 10 seconds in the direction of the longitudinal axis of the terminal leads. Twist test: Terminal leads shall be bent through 90°at a point of about 6mm from the body of the resistor and shall be rotated through 360° about the original axis of the bent terminal in alternating direction for a total of 3 rotations. |

| | | |
|----------------------------|--|--|
| Humidity (Steady state) | Resistance change rate must be in $\pm(5\%+0.05\Omega)$,and no mechanical damage. | 4.24 Temporary resistance change after 240 hours exposure in a humidity test chamber controlled at $40\pm 2^{\circ}\text{C}$ and 90~95%RH relative humidity |
| Load life in humidity | For Wire-wound: $\Delta R/R: \pm 5\%$ For Power film range: $< 100\text{K}\Omega \Delta R/R: \pm 5\%$ $\geq 100\text{K}\Omega \Delta R/R: \pm 10\%$ | 7.9 Resistance change after 1000 hours (1.5hours “ON” , 0.5hours “OFF”) at RCWV or Max. Working Voltage whichever less in a humidity test chamber controlled at $40\pm 2^{\circ}\text{C}$ and 93% $\pm 3\%$ RH. |
| Load life | For Wire-wound: $\Delta R/R: \pm 5\%$ For Power film range: $< 100\text{K}\Omega \Delta R/R: \pm 5\%$ $\geq 100\text{K}\Omega \Delta R/R: \pm 10\%$ | 4.25.1 Permanent Resistance change after 1000 hours operating at RCWV or Max. Working Voltage whichever less with duty cycle of 1.5 hours “ON” , 0.5 hour “OFF” at $25\pm 2^{\circ}\text{C}$ ambient. |
| Low Temperature Storage | For Wire-wound: $\Delta R/R: \pm 5\%$ For Power film range: $< 100\text{K}\Omega \Delta R/R: \pm 5\%$ $\geq 100\text{K}\Omega \Delta R/R: \pm 10\%$ | IEC 60068-2-1 (Aa) Lower limit temperature , for 2H. |
| High Temperature Exposure | For Wire-wound: $\Delta R/R: \pm 5\%$ For Power film range: $< 100\text{K}\Omega \Delta R/R: \pm 5\%$ $\geq 100\text{K}\Omega \Delta R/R: \pm 10\%$ | MIL-STD-202 108A Upper limit temperature , for 16H. |

9. Packing



Inner box



carton box

Unit: mm

| Part No. | Qty/Inner Box (PCS) | Inner Box Size $L \times W \times H (\pm 5\%)$ | Qty/Carton Box(PCS) | carton size $L \times W \times H (\pm 5\%)$ |
|----------|---------------------|---|---------------------|--|
| PRMT 15W | 100 | 218×165×55 | 600 | 535×235×135 |
| PRMT 20W | 100 | 225×155×65 | 600 | 330×245×235 |

10. Note

- 9.1. UNI-ROYAL recommend products store in warehouse with temperature between 15 to 35℃ under humidity between 25 to 75%RH.
Even under storage conditions recommended above, solder ability of products will be degraded stored over 1 year old.
- 9.2. Cartons must be placed in correct direction which indicated on carton, otherwise the reel or wire will be deformed.
- 9.3. Storage conditions as below are inappropriate:
 - a. Stored in high electrostatic environment
 - b. Stored in direct sunshine, rain, snow or condensation.
 - c. Exposed to sea wind or corrosive gases, such as Cl₂, H₂S, NH₃, SO₂, NO₂, Br etc.

11. Record

| Version | Description | Page | Date | Amended by | Checked by |
|---------|--|------|--------------|-------------|-------------|
| 1 | First version | 1~5 | Mar.20, 2018 | Haiyan Chen | Nana Chen |
| 2 | Modify characteristic | 4~5 | Feb.26, 2019 | Haiyan Chen | Yuhua Xu |
| 3 | Add the packing | 5 | May.05, 2019 | Haiyan Chen | Yuhua Xu |
| 4 | Modify characteristic | 6 | Nov.20,2020 | Song Nie | Yuhua Xu |
| 5 | Modify PRMT 20W d value size | 3 | Jul.29, 2021 | Haiyan Chen | John Zhao |
| 6 | Modify the temperature coefficient test conditions | 4 | Nov.07, 2022 | Haiyan Chen | Yuhua Xu |
| 7 | Modify the Structure | 4 | Mar.19, 2024 | Haiyan Chen | Yuhua Xu |
| 8 | Modify the derating curve | 3 | Jul.22, 2024 | Haiyan Chen | Yuhua Xu |
| 9 | Modify Ordering Procedure | 2 | Nov.13, 2024 | Junying Ye | Haiyan Chen |

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